

Computer Assignment 3
Due on November 15, 2011

Chapter 6

M6.1

(a)

Write MATLAB programs called **linsyswp** and **linsyspp** to solve $Ax = b$ and to compute the growth factor (gf) using Gaussian elimination with no and partial pivotings, respectively, as follows;

$$(\hat{x}, gf) = \text{linsyswp}(A, b).$$

$$(\hat{x}, gf) = \text{linsyspp}(A, b).$$

(b)

Using the computed solutions and the growth factors obtained in (a) make the following table for each of the given data set.

Test Data for Problem M6.1:

Each of the following matrices of order 20: Hilbert, Pei, Hankel, Vandermonde, a randomly generated matrix, and a triangular matrix with small diagonal entries. For the Pei matrix, take α close to 1.

Create the vector b in each case such that the solution vector x is a vector with all components equal to 1. Present your result using the following table.

Method	$\ \hat{x}\ _\infty$	$\frac{\ x-\hat{x}\ _2}{\ x\ _2}$	$\ b - A\hat{x}\ _2$	$Cond_2(A) \frac{\ b-A\hat{x}\ _2}{\ b\ _2}$	Growth Factor
linsyswp					
linsyspp					
$A^{-1}b$					

M6.5

Using the MATCOM program **choles** or the MATLAB program **chol**, write a MATLAB program, **linsyschol**, to implement Algorithm 6.8 in the following format:

$$[x] = \text{linsyschol}(A, b).$$

Data:

Create a 200×200 lower triangular matrix L with positive diagonal entries taking some of the diagonal entries small enough to be very close to zero, multiply it by L^T , and take $A = LL^T$ as your test matrix A . Create the vector b such that x has all its entries equal to 1.