

No Scratch paper outside of the Exam book is permitted!

On the answer sheet, fill in the following in the appropriate spaces and darken the corresponding ovals:

1. Last name, first and middle initials.
2. Student Z Number. (LEFT-justify the 6 digits in the ID field leaving the last 3 spaces blank.)
3. Section:

A1=11

A3=13

A5=15

A7=17

A2=12

A4=14

A6=16

A8=18

4. Your signature on the back.

**Problems:** Check that your exam contains exactly 15 problems. Each problem is worth 6 points. Circle the answer on the exam and darken the corresponding oval on the answer sheet.

[1A] Find the y-intercept of the line  $3x + y = 4$ :

- (a) 1.
- (b) 2.
- (c) 3.
- (d) 4.
- (e) None of the above.

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[2A] Find the point of intersection of the lines:

$$2x - 3y = -8 \quad \text{and} \quad 4x - y = 2$$

- (a)  $\left(\frac{7}{5}, \frac{-18}{5}\right)$ .
- (b)  $\left(\frac{7}{5}, \frac{18}{5}\right)$ .
- (c)  $\left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{14}{5}\right)$ .
- (d)  $(-4, 0)$ .
- (e) None of the above.

[3A] Given:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -5 \\ -4 & 0 & 9 & 9 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -20 & -9 & -5 & 5 \\ 8 & 2 & 2 & -1 \\ -4 & -2 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

solve

$$\begin{array}{rccccrcr} w & & & - & 2y & - & 2z & = & 4 \\ & x & & & & - & 5z & = & 3 \\ -4w & & & + & 9y & + & 9z & = & 2 \\ & 2x & + & y & - & 8z & = & 1 \end{array}$$

In the solution:

- (a)  $z = -23$
- (b)  $z = -15$
- (c)  $z = -17$
- (d)  $z = -19$
- (e) None of the above.

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[4A] Consider the inverse (if it exists) of:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) The entry in the second row and third column is 0.
- (b) The entry in the third row and third column is  $1/4$ .
- (c) The entry in the third row and third column is  $-1/4$ .
- (d) The entry in the third row and third column is 1.
- (e) The matrix is not invertible.

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[5A] Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 7 & 0 & -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

If possible, find the entry in the first row and second column of  $AB$ .

- (a) -14
- (b) 6
- (c) 12
- (d) 13
- (e) The product is undefined.

[6A] Which of the following matrices are invertible?

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -2 \\ -16 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 5 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 \\ -16 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) A only.
- (b) A and B only.
- (c) A,B,C and D.
- (d) B and D only.
- (e) Some other selection.

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[7A] Solve the system:

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + y + 2z &= 0 \\ 3y + 6z &= -18 \\ y + 2z &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

In the solution:

- (a)  $x = 2$ .
- (b)  $x =$ any value.
- (c)  $x = -7$ .
- (d) No solution.
- (e) None of the above.

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[8A] Determine the value of k so that the following system has infinitely many solutions.

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 2y = 5 \\ 12x + ky = 15 \end{cases}$$

- (a) -10
- (b) 6
- (c) 0
- (d) -6
- (e) None of the above.

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[9A] If A is a 5x2 matrix and the matrix product ACC is defined, what is the size of C?

- (a) 2x2.
- (b) 5x2.
- (c) 5x5.
- (d) 2x5.
- (e) None of the above.

[10A] Suppose that you performed Gauss-Jordan elimination to solve a system of equations with variables  $x, y$  and  $z$ . You ended up with the augmented matrix:

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Which of the following statements is true?

- (a) There are no solutions to the system.
- (b) The general solution is:

$$\begin{aligned} x &= -6 \\ y &= 4 \\ z &= \text{any value} \end{aligned}$$

- (c) A specific (particular) solution is

$$x = 6 \quad y = -4 \quad z = 0$$

- (d) A specific (particular) solution is

$$x = 6 \quad y = 4 \quad z = 5$$

- (e) None of the above.

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[11A] Which statements are true?

- [I] A non-square matrix never has an inverse.
  - [II] If  $A$  is a matrix then  $A+A$  always exists..
  - [III] If  $A$  is a matrix and  $c$  a scalar then  $cA$  always exists.
  - [IV] If  $A$  and  $B$  are matrices then  $A-B$  always exists.
- (a) I, II and III only.
  - (b) III and IV only.
  - (c) III only.
  - (d) II and III only.
  - (e) Some other selection.

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[12A] Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the top right entry of  $AB - BA$

- (a) 4.
- (b) 3
- (c) 2.
- (d) 1.
- (e) 0.

[13A] Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & -4 \\ -3 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Which of the following statements about  $(A - 2B)$  are true?

- [I] Its size is  $2 \times 3$ .
  - [II] The entry in the first row, first column is 3.
  - [III] The entry in the first row, second column is 1.
- (a) I only.
  - (b) I and II only.
  - (c) III only.
  - (d) II only.
  - (e) II and III only.

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[14A] Which of the following systems have no solutions?

$$I. \begin{cases} x + 2y - 4z = 10 \\ y + z = -6 \end{cases} \quad II. \begin{cases} x + 2y - 4z = 10 \\ y + z = -6 \\ -y - z = -6 \end{cases}$$

$$III. \begin{cases} x + 2y - 4z = 10 \\ y + z = -6 \\ w = 8 \end{cases}$$

- (a) I only.
- (b) I and II only.
- (c) II only.
- (d) III only.
- (e) Some other selection.

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[15A] Section 2.7 Omitted.